



October 2011

**IBM® Virtualization Engine TS7700 Series  
Statistical Data Format White Paper  
Version 2.0a**

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## Target Audience

This document provides the definition of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine statistics records. The document is targeted for the following:

- System Administrators
- Product Field Engineers
- Statistics Analysis tool writers

## Introduction

The IBM TotalStorage 3494 Virtual Tape Server (VTS) revolutionized the way zSeries customers utilized their tape resources. To help the customer monitor the performance of the VTS various statistics were developed. These statistics appeared in two forms, hourly records sent to the hosts known as SMF94 records and periodic real-time statistics available via the Library's web specialist or in an XML file for use by the Total Productivity Center (TPC).

For the next generation of VTS, the TS7700 Virtualization Engine, the statistics design has been revisited. The useful statistics from the VTS have been retained and new statistics relevant for the TS7700 have been added. Also, both point-in-time (PIT) and historical statistics are recorded. The point-in-time records present data from the most recent interval providing speedometer like statistics. The historical statistics provide statistics where historical trends can be observed. These statistics are available to a host via the Bulk Volume Information Retrieval (BVIR) facility. Refer to the [IBM® Virtualization Engine TS7700 Series Bulk Volume Information Retrieval Function User's Guide](#) for more information concerning the BVIR facility as it relates to the TS7700 statistics.

It is assumed the reader of this document is familiar with the Virtual Tape Server and the TS7700. This document defines the statistics records, both point-in-time and historical. Some of the records are fixed length, while others vary in length depending upon the number of virtual devices, number of underlying physical libraries, number of clusters in a grid, and so forth. The Vnode statistics are presented first, both point-in-time and historical, followed by the Hnode statistics, both point-in-time and historical. Each Cluster in a Grid has its own set of Vnode and Hnode PIT and historical statistics.

For each record type, the table that describes the fields includes a column for when the data is updated or sampled. If the corresponding column entry is blank then the field is updated or sampled at the interval of the statistics type being reported (15 seconds for point in time and 15 minutes for historical).

Please note that the statistical records described within this white paper may contain records, fields or field expansions that are not supported in the current release of the product. In general, those fields have been identified in the field descriptions, but you should also validate the availability of the function with your IBM representative.

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## Summary of Changes

### V 1.0

- Initial release.

### V 1.1

- Updated text to include that JB media is now supported.

### V1.5

- Updated with new statistics delivered in Release 1.5
- Various clarifications

### V1.6

- Remove unpopulated fields and change to reserved.
  - Hnode Grid Historical Record
  - Hnode Grid Point-In-Time (PIT) Record
- Various clarifications including:
  - “Awaiting Replication to Available Clusters” field in Hnode HSM Historical Record
  - Maximum number of clusters in a grid is now 4

### V2.0

- Add updates for Release 2.0
  - Increase media type from 1 byte to 4 bytes in the Hnode Library Historical record
  - Add tape drive serial number and tape drive format
  - Add CPU usage percentage to Hnode HSM records (PIT and HIS)
  - Add throughput delays to Vnode Virtual Device records (PIT and HIS)
  - Minor clarifications and corrections

### V2.0a

- Add updates for Release 2.0 PGA1
  - Update for TS1140 drives and media types
  - Remove 3590 Physical media types
  - The Hnode Library Historical record, library-pooling media containers, are no longer index based.
  - Update the Hnode Library Historical Record, pooling media containers to reflect that they are now packed.
  - Minor clarifications and corrections

## Overview

This document outlines the information which the TS7700 returns for the request of statistical information. The information is divided into Point-in-Time (PIT) and Historical (HIS) data. The PIT information is intended to supply information about what the system is doing the instant the request is made to the system. This information is not persistent on the system, and is updated on a 15 second interval. This information focuses on the individual components of the system and their current activity.

The HIS information is intended to help with capacity planning, and tracking system use over an extended period of time. The information focuses more on the system as a whole, and the movement of data through the system. This information is kept on the system for 90 days, and is collected on a 15-minute interval basis.

With the support for Cluster Paired configured systems, some of the HSM records account for the fact that the two clusters are sharing the backend tape drive, library and media resources. For the PIT HSM records, there is an indicator as to which cluster is in control of the physical drive. While both clusters have access to each drive, and hence create records for all of them, only one cluster actively controls that drive at a time. Historical records for clusters in a pair configuration will report activity on a per cluster basis (i.e. individually).

## Record Types and Sizes

This section provides a table indicating the record types, a description of the record type, the length of each record and the number of records produced.

Data Type (hexadecimal)	Description	Record Length (in bytes)	Number of Records
x01	Vnode Virtual Device Point in Time Record	96 + (number-of-virtual-devices-in-this-cluster x 32)	1 per Vnode
x02	Vnode Adapter Point in Time Record	384	1 per Vnode
x20	Vnode Virtual Device Historical Record	192	1 per Vnode
x21	Vnode Adapter Historical Record	384	1 per Vnode
x10	Hnode HSM Point in Time Record	96 + (number-of-physical-libraries-attached-to-this-cluster x 1568)	1 per Hnode
x11	Hnode Grid Point in Time Record	96 + (number-of-clusters-in-the-grid x 128)	1 per Hnode
x30	Hnode HSM Historical Record	1183	1 per Hnode
x32	Hnode Library Historical Record	8511	1 per physical library attached to a Cluster
x33	Hnode Grid Historical Record	96 + (number-of-clusters-in-the-grid x 256)	1 per Hnode

## Vnode Virtual Device Point In Time (PIT) Record

This Vnode Point-In-Time record has the following nested structure:

- Header
- General Information Container
- Virtual Device Container
  - Virtual Device 0 info
  - Virtual Device 1 info
  - .
  - .
  - .
  - Virtual Device xxx info

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
0-1	Length	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the length of this record. The length includes these 2 bytes.	
2	Version	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the version of the data presented in this record. The current version is set to x03.	
3	Data Type	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of data contained in this record. For this record the value is set to x01 indicating this is a Vnode Virtual Device Point-In-Time record.	
4	Node ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Vnode ID which this interval's data represents. Valid values are x00 – x0F.	
5	Cluster ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which this Vnode is a part of. Valid values are x00 – x07.	
6-7	Interval Duration	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the interval in seconds that this interval's data was taken over.	
8-11	Time Stamp	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the end time of the interval this data was taken over. This value is the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970)	
12-15	Machine Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine type. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3957".	
16-18	Machine Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine model. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "V06".	
19-26	Machine Serial Number	This 8 character EBCDIC field contains the serial number of this node. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. The format is XX-YYYYY where XX is the plant of manufacture and the YYYYY is the sequence number of the node's machine. The dash character (-) is fixed.	
27-34	VE Code Level	This 8 byte hexadecimal field contains the code level of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine (VE). The 8 bytes are actually four 2-byte fields. Each 2-byte field represents a portion of the code level. The VE code level is expressed as Version.Release.Modification.Fix in a decimal form. For example the code level of 8.0.0.104 would be represented in the 8 bytes as: x0008000000000068.	
35-39	Grid Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Library Sequence Number of the Grid (Composite) library.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated														
40-44	Distributed Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCIDIC field contains the Distributed Library Sequence Number for this Distributed Library ID															
45-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00															
<p><b>Vnode PIT General Information Container</b></p> <p><b>Bytes 64-95</b></p> <p>The fields below provide information concerning the configuration of the Vnode whose data is being reported.</p>																	
64	Node State	This one byte hexadecimal field indicates the state of the Vnode at the end of this interval. Possible values are:															
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>Offline</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>Online</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x02</td> <td>Going Offline</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x03</td> <td>Going Online</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x04-xFE</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>xFF</td> <td>Node is not working at all</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Value	Description	x00	Offline	x01	Online	x02	Going Offline	x03	Going Online	x04-xFE	Reserved	xFF	Node is not working at all
		Value		Description													
		x00		Offline													
		x01		Online													
		x02		Going Offline													
		x03		Going Online													
		x04-xFE		Reserved													
xFF	Node is not working at all																
65-66	Configured Maximum Throughput	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the maximum throughput for this Vnode. The value is expressed in MB/Sec. (1 MB = 1024x1024 bytes). This field is set to x0000 if there is no restriction for the maximum throughput. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Set to x0000 for first release.														
67-68	Installed Virtual Devices	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of installed virtual devices in this Vnode. This field can be used to determine how many Virtual Device containers will be attached to this record. This is the value at the end of the interval.															
69-72	Throughput delay	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the throughput delay for this vnode. This is the time delay that was used to limit the throughput so it doesn't exceed the configured maximum throughput.	This value is updated every 15 seconds.														
73-95	Reserved	All bytes set to x00															
<p><b>Virtual Device Container</b></p> <p>Bytes 96 and up (Number of Installed Virtual Devices x 32 bytes/device). For example, if there are 128 installed virtual devices there will be 128 sets of data with 32 bytes each which totals 4096 bytes. There is a maximum of 256 virtual devices per Vnode.</p> <p>This next segment of the record contains one set of data for each virtual device installed in the Vnode as defined in bytes 67-68 above. Each set of data contains 32 bytes. The following fields define the 32 bytes of data and are numbered starting with byte 0. The first virtual device's data can be found in bytes 96-127, the second device's data can be found in bytes 128-159, and so forth.</p>																	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated																		
0-9	Mounted Volume	<p>This 10 byte EBCDIC field contains the volser of the logical volume, if any, that is currently mounted in the virtual device or was most recently mounted in the device.</p> <p>For device mount states that indicate a mount in progress or is mounted (x01, x02, x03, x06 – see byte 11) this field will contain the volser of the volume that is in the process of being mounted.</p> <p>For device mount states that indicate a device isn't mounted or in the process of being mounted (x00, x04, x05 – see byte 11) this field will contain the volser of the last successfully mounted volume, if any, or will be filled with EBCDIC blanks.</p> <p>This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Updated whenever the logical volume changes in the virtual device.																		
10	Cluster Access Point	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which is sourcing or has most recently sourced the logical volume for a mount. In the case of the most recently sourced Cluster, the current device mount state will indicate "Device unloaded, failed or cancelled". (see byte 11 below) Valid values for this field are x00 – x07.</p> <p>The subsystem has the ability to access a logical volume in any Cluster from any Cluster. Where a logical volume is sourced from is based on a set of criteria including volume consistency, access policies, and so forth.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Updated for each virtual mount.																		
11	Device Mount State	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the mount state of the virtual device. Valid values are as follows:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="423 1140 1235 1671"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="423 1140 526 1171">Value</th> <th data-bbox="526 1140 1235 1171">Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="423 1171 526 1297">x00</td> <td data-bbox="526 1171 1235 1297">Device unloaded. This indicates the previous mount completed successfully and the virtual device is now unloaded. This is also reported when the virtual device has not mounted any volume yet and isn't in the process of performing a mount.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="423 1297 526 1329">x01</td> <td data-bbox="526 1297 1235 1329">Mount request being processed (DE owed, PLF received)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="423 1329 526 1392">x02</td> <td data-bbox="526 1329 1235 1392">Mount accepted and DE given (Initial status received from Library Manager)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="423 1392 526 1455">x03</td> <td data-bbox="526 1392 1235 1455">Mount in progress (Device mount command received from Library Manager)</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="423 1455 526 1518">x04</td> <td data-bbox="526 1455 1235 1518">Mount failed. This indicates the previous mount failed (error reported by device) and the virtual device is unloaded.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="423 1518 526 1612">x05</td> <td data-bbox="526 1518 1235 1612">Mount cancelled. This indicates the previous mount request was cancelled before the mount occurred. (Demount received before Unload) The virtual device is now unloaded.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="423 1612 526 1644">x06</td> <td data-bbox="526 1612 1235 1644">Mounted</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="423 1644 526 1671"></td> <td data-bbox="526 1644 1235 1671">All other values are reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For a non-configured or non-installed device, this field will indicate Device unloaded.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	Device unloaded. This indicates the previous mount completed successfully and the virtual device is now unloaded. This is also reported when the virtual device has not mounted any volume yet and isn't in the process of performing a mount.	x01	Mount request being processed (DE owed, PLF received)	x02	Mount accepted and DE given (Initial status received from Library Manager)	x03	Mount in progress (Device mount command received from Library Manager)	x04	Mount failed. This indicates the previous mount failed (error reported by device) and the virtual device is unloaded.	x05	Mount cancelled. This indicates the previous mount request was cancelled before the mount occurred. (Demount received before Unload) The virtual device is now unloaded.	x06	Mounted		All other values are reserved	Updated whenever the virtual device mount state changes.
Value	Description																				
x00	Device unloaded. This indicates the previous mount completed successfully and the virtual device is now unloaded. This is also reported when the virtual device has not mounted any volume yet and isn't in the process of performing a mount.																				
x01	Mount request being processed (DE owed, PLF received)																				
x02	Mount accepted and DE given (Initial status received from Library Manager)																				
x03	Mount in progress (Device mount command received from Library Manager)																				
x04	Mount failed. This indicates the previous mount failed (error reported by device) and the virtual device is unloaded.																				
x05	Mount cancelled. This indicates the previous mount request was cancelled before the mount occurred. (Demount received before Unload) The virtual device is now unloaded.																				
x06	Mounted																				
	All other values are reserved																				

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated		
12-13	Device Flags	<p>This 2 byte field contains 16 single bit flags related to the current state of the virtual device. Several bits can be set to 1 at the same time. The bit mask values are defined as follows:</p>	<p>Updated whenever the virtual device mount state changes.</p>		
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="410 344 529 407">Mask Value</th> <th data-bbox="529 344 1252 407">Description</th> </tr> </thead> </table>		Mask Value	Description
		Mask Value		Description	
		x8000		<p>Device is ready. Provides information as to the mount state of the virtual drive. If the bit is set, then a virtual volume is loaded into the drive and is ready for host I/O activity.</p>	
		x4000		<p>Device is write-protected. This flag indicates the logical write protect state of the virtual drive/virtual volume. This prevents any modifications to a virtual volume loaded into this drive.</p>	
		x2000		<p>Write data is in the buffer. This flag indicates that the control unit has write data for this virtual volume held in the controller's memory, and not yet committed to the virtual device. This is normal for streaming write data to the device.</p>	
		x1000		<p>Write mode – The last IO to the device was a write operation. Indicates that the virtual device is in write mode. The device enters write mode upon the first write I/O operation, and stays in this mode until a non-write command (position change, read, etc) is encountered.</p>	
		x0800		<p>Volume is in the LEOP (Logical End of Partition). Indicates that the current block position of the virtual tape is in the LEOP region of the virtual volume, and the host should be performing end of volume processing on the virtual volume.</p>	
		x0400		<p>Volume is at BOT (Beginning of Tape). Indicates the virtual volume loaded is currently at the beginning of the virtual volume. This would be the tape position after a mount request, or if the host repositioned the volume back to block 0.</p>	
		x0200		<p>Device is fenced. The control unit presents unit check status with associated sense data indicating ERA 47, Volume Fenced, if a condition has occurred which has resulted in the loss of volume integrity due to lost positioning or assignment. The control unit prevents further access to the tape volume by generating deferred unit checks with associated sense data indicating ERA 47, Volume Fenced, for all eligible commands until the condition is reset or until the cartridge is unloaded. The original condition which subsequently caused ERA 47, Volume Fenced, to be presented has already been indicated by a previous unit check and associated sense data.</p>	
x0100	<p>Device is in stand alone mount mode. This indicates that the virtual volume in this virtual drive was loaded as part of an operator request through the Management Interface, and not via a connected host. Standalone mounts are required to be able to IPL the operating system image from a virtual tape device, without the operating system having to have tape mount capabilities.</p>				
<p>All other bits are reserved</p>		<p>For a non-configured or non-installed device, this field will be set to x0000.</p>			
<p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>					

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
14	Buffer CCR Conditions	<p>This one byte hexadecimal field contains the number of times the virtual device had to CCR (Channel Command Retry) the channel due to a buffer condition during this interval. If more than 255 buffer CCRs occur during the interval this field will indicate 255 buffers CCRs (xFF).</p> <p>This field can be used in conjunction with the Device Flags field, Write mode bit, to determine if the device was in write mode (buffer full condition) or read mode (buffer empty condition) during the interval.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> This field is not accurate at this time.</p>	Count is incremented whenever a Buffer CCR condition occurs.
15-16	Channel Bytes Read	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred from the virtual device to the channel for a read from this device. The value is reported in increments of 100K bytes (100 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval</p>	Count is incremented for each read of a logical volume's data.
17-18	Channel Bytes Written	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred from the channel to the virtual device for a write to this device. The value is reported in increments of 100K bytes (100 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented for each write of data to a logical volume.
19-31	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	

## Vnode Adapter Point-In-Time (PIT) Record

This Vnode Point-In-Time record has the following nested structure:

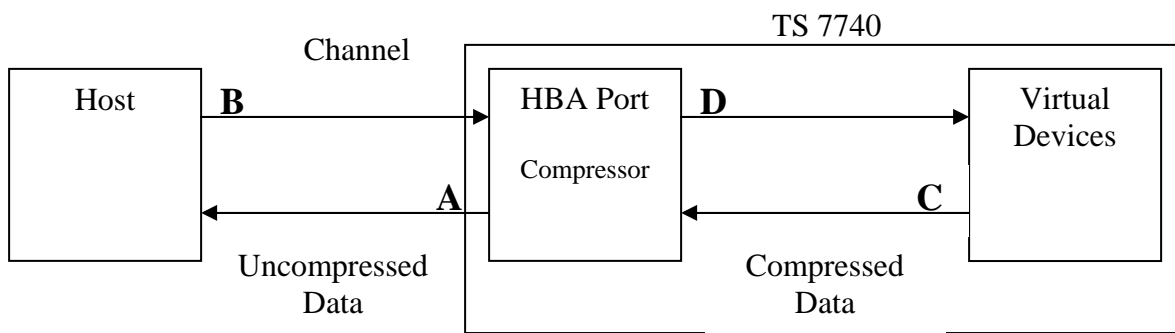
- Header
- Adapter Container
  - Adapter 0 general information
    - Port 0 information
    - Port 1 information
  - Adapter 1 general information
    - Port 0 information
    - Port 1 information
  - Adapter 2 general information
    - Port 0 information
    - Port 1 information
  - Adapter 3 general information
    - Port 0 information
    - Port 1 information

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
0-1	Length	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the length of this record. The length includes these 2 bytes.	
2	Version	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the version of the data presented in this record. The current version is set to x02.	
3	Data Type	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of data contained in this record. For this record the value is set to x02 indicating this is a Vnode Adapter Point-In-Time record.	
4	Node ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Vnode ID which this interval's data represents. Valid values are x00 – x0F.	
5	Cluster ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which this Vnode is a part of. Valid values are x00 – x07.	
6-7	Interval Duration	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the interval in seconds that this interval's data was taken over.	
8-11	Time Stamp	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the end time of the interval this data was taken over. This value is the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970)	
12-15	Machine Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine type. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3957".	
16-18	Machine Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine model. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "V06".	
19-26	Machine Serial Number	This 8 character EBCDIC field contains the serial number of this node. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. The format is XX-YYYYY where XX is the plant of manufacture and the YYYYY is the sequence number of the node's machine. The dash character (-) is fixed.	
27-34	VE Code Level	This 8 byte hexadecimal field contains the code level of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine (VE). The 8 bytes are actually four 2-byte fields. Each 2-byte field represents a portion of the code level. The VE code level is expressed as Version.Release.Modification.Fix in a decimal form. For example the code level of 8.0.0.104 would be represented in the 8 bytes as: x0008000000000068.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated																
35-39	Grid Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Library Sequence Number of the Grid (Composite) library.																	
40-44	Distributed Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Distributed Library Sequence Number for this Distributed Library ID																	
45-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00																	
<p><b>Adapter Container</b></p> <p>Bytes 64-383 (4 sets of data x 80 bytes/set = 320 bytes)</p> <p>This next set of bytes contains information for up to 4 host bus adapters (HBA). For each adapter there is data for up to 2 ports on the adapter. Each set of data contains 80 bytes. The following fields define the 80 bytes of data and are numbered starting with byte 0. The first set of data is for adapter 0, the second for adapter 1, and so forth. The first HBA's data can be found in bytes 64-143, the second adapter's data can be found in bytes 144-223, and so forth.</p>																			
0	Adapter Type	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field identifies the type of Host Bus Adapter (HBA). The possible values are:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No adapter installed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01-x08</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x09</td> <td>FICON – 1 Port (Arctic Circle)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x0A</td> <td>FICON – 2 Port (Yukon)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	No adapter installed	x01-x08	Reserved	x09	FICON – 1 Port (Arctic Circle)	x0A	FICON – 2 Port (Yukon)		All other values are reserved					
Value	Description																		
x00	No adapter installed																		
x01-x08	Reserved																		
x09	FICON – 1 Port (Arctic Circle)																		
x0A	FICON – 2 Port (Yukon)																		
	All other values are reserved																		
1	Adapter State	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field identifies the current state of the adapter. The possible values are:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No adapter installed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>The adapter is online</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x02</td> <td>The adapter is offline</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x03</td> <td>The adapter is not working at all</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x04</td> <td>The adapter is reloading itself</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x05</td> <td>The adapter is in a Check1 condition</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	No adapter installed	x01	The adapter is online	x02	The adapter is offline	x03	The adapter is not working at all	x04	The adapter is reloading itself	x05	The adapter is in a Check1 condition		All other values are reserved	
Value	Description																		
x00	No adapter installed																		
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x05	The adapter is in a Check1 condition																		
	All other values are reserved																		
2	HBA Drawer	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates which drawer the HBA is located in. The possible values are:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>The HBA is in the left drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>The HBA is in the right drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	The HBA is in the left drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.	x01	The HBA is in the right drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.		All other values are reserved.									
Value	Description																		
x00	The HBA is in the left drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.																		
x01	The HBA is in the right drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.																		
	All other values are reserved.																		
3	HBA Slot Number	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the physical slot number of the HBA within its drawer. This is the value at the end of the interval.																	
4-15	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.																	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
<p><b>Adapter-Port Container</b></p> <p><b>Relative bytes 16 – 79 (2 sets of data x 32 bytes/set = 64 bytes)</b></p> <p><b>This next set of bytes contains information for up to 2 ports on the HBA. Each set of data contains 32 bytes. The following fields define the 32 bytes and are numbered starting with byte 0. The first port’s data can be found in relative bytes 16-47 and the second port’s data can be found in relative bytes 48-79.</b></p>			
0-1	RCD Interface ID	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the internal ID of the HBA port that is reported in the RCD (Read Configuration Data), General NEQ (Node Element Qualifier) record. This is the value at the end of the interval.	
2-4	Reserved	All bytes set to x00	
5-8	Bytes Read by the Channel	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred to the channel from this HBA port as part of a read operation. This is the value after the data has been decompressed by the HBA. The value is reported in increments of 4K bytes (4 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>In the diagram below, Bytes Read by the Channel is indicated by the <b>A</b> label.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented for each block of data read.
9-12	Bytes Written by the Channel	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred from the channel to this HBA port as part of a write operation. This is the value before the effect of the HBA compression. The value is reported in increments of 4K bytes (4 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>In the diagram below, Bytes Written by the Channel is indicated by the <b>B</b> label.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented for each block of data written.
13-16	Bytes Read from the Virtual Devices	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred from virtual devices to this HBA port as part of a read operation. The value is for data previously compressed by the HBA. The value is reported in increments of 4K bytes (4 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>In the diagram below, Bytes Read from Virtual Devices is indicated by the <b>C</b> label.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented for each block of data read.

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
17-20	Bytes Written to Virtual Devices	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred to virtual devices from this HBA port as part of a write operation. The value is for data compressed by the HBA. The value is reported in increments of 4K bytes (4 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>In the diagram below, Bytes Written to Virtual Devices is indicated by the <b>D</b> label.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented for each block of data written.
21-31	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	



## Vnode Virtual Device Historical Record

This Vnode historical record has the following nested structure:

- Header
- Virtual Device Container

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
0-1	Length	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the length of this record. The length includes these 2 bytes.	
2	Version	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the version of the data presented in this record. The current version is set to x03.	
3	Data Type	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of data contained in this record. For this record the value is set to x20 indicating this is a Vnode Virtual Device Historical record.	
4	Node ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Vnode ID which this interval's data represents. Valid values are x00 – x0F.	
5	Cluster ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which this Vnode is a part of. Valid values are x00 – x07.	
6-7	Interval Duration	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the interval in seconds that this interval's data was taken over.	
8-11	Time Stamp	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the end time of the interval this data was taken over. This value is the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970)	
12-15	Machine Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine type. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3957".	
16-18	Machine Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine model. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "V06".	
19-26	Machine Serial Number	This 8 character EBCDIC field contains the serial number of this node. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. The format is XX-YYYYY where XX is the plant of manufacture and the YYYYY is the sequence number of the node's machine. The dash character (-) is fixed.	
27-34	VE Code Level	This 8 byte hexadecimal field contains the code level of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine (VE). The 8 bytes are actually four 2-byte fields. Each 2-byte field represents a portion of the code level. The VE code level is expressed as Version.Release.Modification.Fix in a decimal form. For example the code level of 8.0.0.104 would be represented in the 8 bytes as: x0008000000000068.	
35-39	Grid Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Library Sequence Number of the Grid (Composite) library.	
40-44	Distributed Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Distributed Library Sequence Number for this Distributed Library ID	
45-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
<b>Vnode Virtual Device Container</b>			
<b>Bytes 64-191</b>			
64-65	Installed Virtual Devices	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of installed virtual devices in this Vnode. This is the value at the end of the interval.	
66-69	Virtual Device Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field indicates the device type emulated by the virtual devices. Initially this is set to "3490". This field is left justified and padded with blanks.	
70-72	Virtual Device Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field indicates the device model emulated by the virtual devices. Initially this is set to "C2A". This field is left justified and padded with blanks. This is the value at the end of the interval.	
73-80	Channel Blocks Written 1-2048 byte range	This 8 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of channel blocks written to all the virtual devices in this Vnode that had a size of between 1 and 2048 bytes inclusive for this interval.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented for each block of data written that fits the size.
81-88	Channel Blocks Written 2049-4096 byte range	This 8 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of channel blocks written to all the virtual devices in this Vnode that had a size of between 2049 and 4096 bytes inclusive for this interval.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented for each block of data written that fits the size.
89-96	Channel Blocks Written 4097-8192 byte range	This 8 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of channel blocks written to all the virtual devices in this Vnode that had a size of between 4097 and 8192 bytes inclusive for this interval.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented for each block of data written that fits the size.
97-104	Channel Blocks Written 8193-16384 byte range	This 8 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of channel blocks written to all the virtual devices in this Vnode that had a size of between 8193 and 16384 bytes inclusive for this interval.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented for each block of data written that fits the size.
105-112	Channel Blocks Written 16385-32768 byte range	This 8 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of channel blocks written to all the virtual devices in this Vnode that had a size of between 16385 and 32768 bytes inclusive for this interval.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented for each block of data written that fits the size.
113-120	Channel Blocks Written 32769-65536 byte range	This 8 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of channel blocks written to all the virtual devices in this Vnode that had a size of between 32769 and 65536 bytes inclusive for this interval.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented for each block of data written that fits the size.
121-128	Channel Blocks Written above 65536 byte range	This 8 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of channel blocks written to all the virtual devices in this Vnode that had a size of 65537 or higher for this interval.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented for each block of data written that fits the size.
129-130	Configured Maximum Throughput	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the current maximum throughput for this Vnode. The value is expressed in MB/Sec. (1 MB = 1024x1024 bytes). This field is set to x0000 if there is no restriction for the maximum throughput. This is the value at the end of the interval.	This will be set to x0000 for the first release.

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
131-132	Minimum Virtual Devices Mounted	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the minimum number of virtual devices that were mounted at the same time over the interval.	The count of mounted virtual devices is sampled every 15 seconds. The min/max/avg is updated over the interval.
133-134	Maximum Virtual Devices Mounted	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the maximum number of virtual devices that were mounted at the same time over the interval.	The count of mounted virtual devices is sampled every 15 seconds. The min/max/avg is updated over the interval.
135-136	Average Virtual Devices Mounted	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average number of virtual devices that were mounted at the same time over the interval. The average is calculated by recording the number of mounted devices on a periodic basis then averaging it over the interval.	The count of mounted virtual devices is sampled every 15 seconds. The min/max/avg is updated over the interval.
137-140	Maximum Delay	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the maximum throughput delay time over the interval. This value is in milliseconds.	The delay is sampled every 15 seconds. The maximum over the period is reported.
141-144	Average Delay	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the throughput delay over the interval. The average is calculated by recording the delay on a periodic basis then averaging it over the interval. This value is in milliseconds.	The delay is sampled every 15 seconds. The average over the period is reported here.
145-191	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	

## Vnode Adapter Historical Record

This Vnode historical record has the following nested structure:

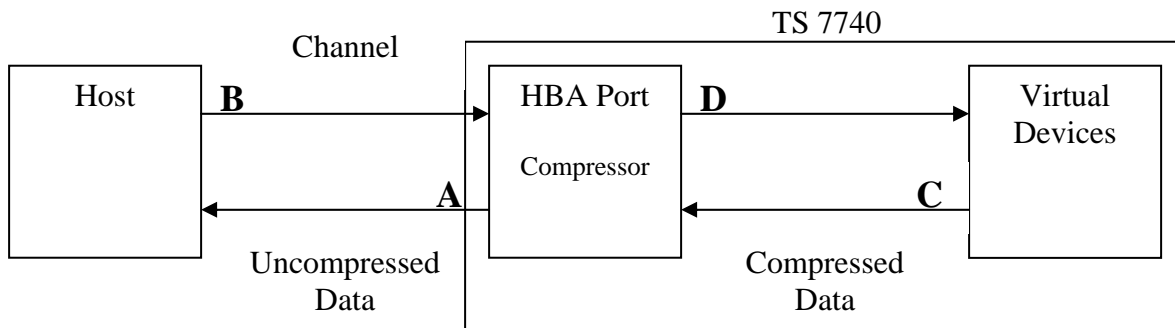
- Header
- Adapter 0 Container
  - Adapter-Port 0 Container
  - Adapter-Port 1 Container
- Adapter 1 Container
  - Adapter-Port 0 Container
  - Adapter-Port 1 Container
- Adapter 2 Container
  - Adapter-Port 0 Container
  - Adapter-Port 1 Container
- Adapter 3 Container
  - Adapter-Port 0 Container
  - Adapter-Port 1 Container

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
0-1	Length	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the length of this record. The length includes these 2 bytes.	
2	Version	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the version of the data presented in this record. The current version is set to x02.	
3	Data Type	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of data contained in this record. For this record the value is set to x21 indicating this is a Vnode Adapter Historical record.	
4	Node ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Vnode ID which this interval's data represents. Valid values are x00 – x0F.	
5	Cluster ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which this Vnode is a part of. Valid values are x00 – x07.	
6-7	Interval Duration	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the interval in seconds that this interval's data was taken over.	
8-11	Time Stamp	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the end time of the interval this data was taken over. This value is the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970)	
12-15	Machine Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine type. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3957".	
16-18	Machine Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine model. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "V06".	
19-26	Machine Serial Number	This 8 character EBCDIC field contains the serial number of this node. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. The format is XX-YYYYYY where XX is the plant of manufacture and the YYYYYY is the sequence number of the node's machine. The dash character (-) is fixed.	
27-34	VE Code Level	This 8 byte hexadecimal field contains the code level of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine (VE). The 8 bytes are actually four 2-byte fields. Each 2-byte field represents a portion of the code level. The VE code level is expressed as Version.Release.Modification.Fix in a decimal form. For example the code level of 8.0.0.104 would be represented in the 8 bytes as: x000800000000068.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated																
35-39	Grid Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Library Sequence Number of the Grid (Composite) library.																	
40-44	Distributed Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Distributed Library Sequence Number for this Distributed Library ID																	
40-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00																	
<p><b>Vnode Adapter Container</b></p> <p>Bytes 64-383 (4 sets x 80 bytes/set = 320 bytes)</p> <p>This next set of bytes contains information for up to 4 host bus adapters (HBA). For each adapter there is data for up to 2 ports. Each set of data contains 80 bytes. The following fields define the bytes of data and are numbered starting with byte 0. The first set of data is for the adapter 0, the second for adapter 1, and so forth. The first adapter's data can be found in bytes 64-143, the second adapter's data can be found in bytes 144-223, and so forth.</p>																			
0	Adapter Type	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field identifies the type of Host Bus Adapter (HBA) this data is for. The possible values are:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No adapter installed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x02-x08</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x09</td> <td>FICON – 1 Port (Arctic Circle)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x0A</td> <td>FICON – 2 Port (Yukon)</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	No adapter installed	x02-x08	Reserved	x09	FICON – 1 Port (Arctic Circle)	x0A	FICON – 2 Port (Yukon)		All other values are reserved					
Value	Description																		
x00	No adapter installed																		
x02-x08	Reserved																		
x09	FICON – 1 Port (Arctic Circle)																		
x0A	FICON – 2 Port (Yukon)																		
	All other values are reserved																		
1	Adapter State	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field identifies the current state of the adapter. The possible values are:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No adapter installed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>The adapter is online</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x02</td> <td>The adapter is offline</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x03</td> <td>The adapter is not working at all</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x04</td> <td>The adapter is reloading itself</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x05</td> <td>The adapter is in a Check1 condition</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	No adapter installed	x01	The adapter is online	x02	The adapter is offline	x03	The adapter is not working at all	x04	The adapter is reloading itself	x05	The adapter is in a Check1 condition		All other values are reserved	
Value	Description																		
x00	No adapter installed																		
x01	The adapter is online																		
x02	The adapter is offline																		
x03	The adapter is not working at all																		
x04	The adapter is reloading itself																		
x05	The adapter is in a Check1 condition																		
	All other values are reserved																		
2	HBA Drawer	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates which drawer the HBA is located in. The possible values are:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>The HBA is in the left drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>The HBA is in the right drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	The HBA is in the left drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.	x01	The HBA is in the right drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.		All other values are reserved.									
Value	Description																		
x00	The HBA is in the left drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.																		
x01	The HBA is in the right drawer when looking at the drawers from the back which is the side the cables plug into.																		
	All other values are reserved.																		
3	HBA Slot Number	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the physical slot number of the HBA within its drawer. This is the value at the end of the interval.																	
4-15	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.																	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
<p><b>Vnode Adapter-Port Container</b></p> <p>Relative bytes 16-79 (2 sets x 32 bytes/set = 64 bytes)</p> <p>This next set of bytes contains information for up to 2 ports on the HBA. Each set of data contains 32 bytes. The following fields define the 32 bytes and are numbered starting with byte 0. The first port's data can be found in relative bytes 16-47 and the second port's data can be found in relative bytes 48-79.</p>			
0-1	RCD Interface ID	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the internal ID of the HBA port that is reported in the RCD (Read Configuration Data), General NEQ (Node Element Qualifier) record. This is the value at the end of the interval.	
2	Maximum Data Rate	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the maximum data rate the FICON port is capable of at the end of the interval. The value is reported in Giga-bits (Gb) per second.  For ESCON ports this value is reported as x00 since ESCON does not have a variable data rate.	
3	Actual Data Rate	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the actual data rate of the FICON port at the end of the interval. The value is reported in Giga-bits (Gb) per second. A value of x00 in this field indicates that auto-negotiate is enabled.  For ESCON ports this value is reported as x00 since ESCON does not have a variable data rate.	
4-7	Bytes Read by the Channel	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred to the channel from this HBA port as part of a read operation. This is the value after the data has been decompressed by the HBA. The value is reported in increments of 4K bytes (4 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.  In the diagram below, Bytes Read by the Channel is indicated by the <b>A</b> label.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented for each block of data read.
8-11	Bytes Written by the Channel	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred from the channel to this HBA port as part of a write operation. This is the value before the effect of the HBA compression. The value is reported in increments of 4K bytes (4 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.  In the diagram below, Bytes Written by the Channel is indicated by the <b>B</b> label.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented for each block of data written

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
12-15	Bytes Read from Virtual Devices	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred from virtual devices to this HBA port as part of a read operation. The value is for data previously compressed by the HBA. The value is reported in increments of 4K bytes (4 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>In the diagram below, Bytes Read from Virtual Devices is indicated by the <b>C</b> label.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented for each block of data read.
16-19	Bytes Written to Virtual Devices	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of bytes transferred to virtual devices from this HBA port as part of a write operation. The value is for data compressed by the HBA. The value is reported in increments of 4K bytes (4 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>In the diagram below, Bytes Written to Virtual Devices is indicated by the <b>D</b> label.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented for each block of data written.
20	Selective Resets	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of selective resets this port received during the interval. This field is set to xFF when the number of selective resets is greater than 255 for the interval.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented for each selective reset.
21	System Resets	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of system resets this port received during the interval. This field is set to xFF when the number of system resets is greater than 255 for the interval.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented for each system reset.
22-31	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	



## Hnode HSM Point-In-Time (PIT) Record

This Hnode Point-In-Time record has the following nested structure:

- Header
- HSM Container
  - HSM-Library 0 Container
    - HSM-Library-Physical Device 0 Container
    - HSM-Library-Physical Device 1 Container
    - .
    - .
    - HSM-Library-Physical Device 31 Container
  - HSM-Library 1 Container (If installed)
    - Same sub-containers as HSM-Library 0 Container
  - HSM-Library 2 Container (If installed)
    - Same sub-containers as HSM-Library 0 Container
  - HSM-Library 3 Container (If installed)
    - Same sub-containers as HSM-Library 0 Container

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
0-1	Length	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the length of this record. The length includes these 2 bytes.	
2	Version	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the version of the data presented in this record. The current version is set to x03.	
3	Data Type	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of data contained in this record.  For this record the value is set to x10 indicating this is an Hnode HSM Point-In-Time record.	
4	Node ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Hnode ID which this interval's data represents. Valid values are x00 – x01.	
5	Cluster ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which this Hnode is a part of. Valid values are x00 – x07.	
6-7	Interval Duration	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the interval in seconds that this interval's data was taken over.	
8-11	Time Stamp	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the end time of the interval this data was taken over. This value is the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970)	
12-15	Machine Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine type. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3957".	
16-18	Machine Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine model. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "V06".	
19-26	Machine Serial Number	This 8 character EBCDIC field contains the serial number of this node. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. The format is XX-YYYYYY where XX is the plant of manufacture and the YYYYYY is the sequence number of the node's machine. The dash character (-) is fixed.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
27-34	VE Code Level	This 8 byte hexadecimal field contains the code level of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine (VE). The 8 bytes are actually four 2-byte fields. Each 2-byte field represents a portion of the code level. The VE code level is expressed as Version.Release.Modification.Fix in a decimal form. For example the code level of 8.0.0.104 would be represented in the 8 bytes as: x0008000000000068.	
35-39	Grid Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Library Sequence Number of the Grid (Composite) library.	
40-44	Distributed Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Distributed Library Sequence Number for this Distributed Library ID	
45-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00	
<h2>HSM Container</h2> <p><b>Bytes 64 and up.</b></p> <p><b>This container provides information concerning HSM related items. The total length depends upon the number of physical libraries attached to this Hnode.</b></p>			
64-65	Recalls in Queue	This two byte hexadecimal field contains the current number of queued recall operations at the end of the interval.	This count is updated as recalls added or removed from the queue.
66-67	Pre-migrates in Queue	This two byte hexadecimal field contains the current number of queued pre-migrate operations at the end of the interval.	This count is updated with the current value every 30 seconds.
68-71	Host Write Throttle	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the host write throttling value over the interval. The value is reported in thousandths of a second.  This is the value at the end of the interval.	This count is updated with the current value every 30 seconds.
72-75	Copy Throttle	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the copy throttling value over the interval. The value is reported in thousandths of a second.  This is the value at the end of the interval.	This count is updated with the current value every 30 seconds.
76	Number of Physical Libraries	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of physical libraries this Hnode is attached to. This field can be used to determine how many HSM-Library containers will be attached to this record. This is the value at the end of the interval.  <b>Note:</b> Only one physical library is supported at this time.	
77-80	Deferred Copy Throttle	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the current copy throttling value over the interval. This is for throttling where the Cluster was prioritizing Host and Immediate Copies over sourcing Deferred Copies due to a constrained resource. The value is reported in thousandths of a second.  This is the value at the end of the interval.	
81	CPU Usage percentage	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the CPU usage percentage at the end of the interval.	This value is updated every 30 seconds.
82-95	Reserved	All bytes set to x00	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated																
<h3>HSM-Library Container</h3> <p>Bytes 96-and up (Number of Physical Libraries x 1568 bytes/set) For example, if there is just one physical library attached to this node there will be 1 set of data with 1568 bytes. There is a maximum of 4 physical libraries attached to a single Cluster.</p> <p>This next segment of the record contains one set of data for each physical library attached to this Hnode as defined in byte 76 above. Each set of data contains 1568 bytes. The data for the first library is found in bytes 96-1663; the second library's data (if the library exists) is found in bytes 1664-3231, and so forth.</p> <p><b>These fields contain information concerning the underlying automation.</b></p>																			
0-15	Library Sequence Number	This 16 byte EBCDIC field indicates the Library Sequence Number of the underlying automation. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. This is the value at the end of the interval.																	
16-31	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.																	
<h3>HSM-Library-Physical Device Container</h3> <p>Relative bytes 32-415 (32 sets of device data x 48 bytes/set = 1536 bytes)</p> <p>For a system with just 1 class of physical device (homogeneous), the data for the devices is found in the first 16 sets of data. For a system with 2 classes of physical devices (heterogeneous), the data for one class of drives is found in the first 16 sets of data, and the data for the second class of devices is found in the second 16 sets of data.</p> <p>There are 32 sets of data per possible library, one for each of 32 possible physical devices per physical library. The data for the first device of the first device class is in relative bytes 0-47; the second device's data of the first device class is in bytes 48-95, and so forth. For the second device class, the first device's data is found in relative bytes 768-815, the second device's data is in bytes 816-863, and so forth.</p>																			
0	Device Class ID	<p>This one byte hexadecimal field contains this device's device class identifier.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No device installed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x20</td> <td>3592 Model J1A. This also includes a 3592-E05 that is emulating a 3592-J1A device.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x22</td> <td>3592 Model E05. This is for a 3592-E05 that is behaving as a 3590-E05.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x23</td> <td>3592 Model E05 (encryption configured)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x24</td> <td>3592 Model E06</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x25</td> <td>3592 Model E07</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	No device installed	x20	3592 Model J1A. This also includes a 3592-E05 that is emulating a 3592-J1A device.	x22	3592 Model E05. This is for a 3592-E05 that is behaving as a 3590-E05.	x23	3592 Model E05 (encryption configured)	x24	3592 Model E06	x25	3592 Model E07		All other values are reserved.	
Value	Description																		
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x23	3592 Model E05 (encryption configured)																		
x24	3592 Model E06																		
x25	3592 Model E07																		
	All other values are reserved.																		
1-10	Physical Volume	This 10 byte EBCDIC field contains the volser of the volume that is loaded in this device at the end of the interval, if any. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. This field is filled with EBCDIC blanks when there is no volume in the device.	Volser is updated whenever there is a change.																
11	Volume Pool	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the pool associated with the volume, if any, loaded in the device at the end of the interval. This field is set to x00 when there isn't a volume loaded in the device. Values 1-32 are also valid in this field.	Pool is updated whenever there is a change.																

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated																						
12	Device State	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the state of the device at the end of the interval. Possible values are:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>Device is online</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>Device is offline</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	x00	Device is online	x01	Device is offline		All other values are reserved.	State is updated whenever there is a change.														
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13	Device Role	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the role of the device at the end of the interval. Possible values are:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>Idle</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>Recalling</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x02</td> <td>Migrating</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x03</td> <td>Reclaim Source</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x04</td> <td>Importing</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x05</td> <td>Exporting</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x06</td> <td>Data Security Erase</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x07</td> <td>Reclaim target</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x08</td> <td>Rekey</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	x00	Idle	x01	Recalling	x02	Migrating	x03	Reclaim Source	x04	Importing	x05	Exporting	x06	Data Security Erase	x07	Reclaim target	x08	Rekey		All other values are reserved.	Role is updated whenever there is a change.
Value	Description																								
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x05	Exporting																								
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x07	Reclaim target																								
x08	Rekey																								
	All other values are reserved.																								
14-23	Logical Volume	<p>This 10 byte EBCDIC field contains the volser of the logical volume, if any, that is being processed by the physical device at the end of the interval. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. This field contains all EBCDIC blanks when there isn't a logical volume being processed at the end of the interval.</p>	Volser updated whenever there is a change.																						
24-27	Data Read From Device	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of bytes transferred from the physical device during this interval. The value is reported in increments of 100K bytes (100 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented after every read.																						
28-31	Data Written to Device	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of bytes transferred to the physical device during this interval. The value is reported in increments of 100K bytes (100 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented after each write.																						
32-43	Device serial number	<p>This 12 byte ASCII field contains the serial number of the physical tape drive. This field is left justified and blank filled.</p>																							
44	Media format	<p>This one byte hexadecimal field contains the current media format.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No device installed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x20</td> <td>3592 Model J1A. This also includes a 3592-E05 that is emulating a 3592-J1A device.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x22</td> <td>3592 Model E05. This is for a 3592-E05 that is behaving as a 3590-E05</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x23</td> <td>3592 Model E05 encrypted</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x24</td> <td>3592 Model E06.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x25</td> <td>3592 Model E06 encrypted</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x26</td> <td>3592 Model E07</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x27</td> <td>3592 Model E07 encrypted</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	x00	No device installed	x20	3592 Model J1A. This also includes a 3592-E05 that is emulating a 3592-J1A device.	x22	3592 Model E05. This is for a 3592-E05 that is behaving as a 3590-E05	x23	3592 Model E05 encrypted	x24	3592 Model E06.	x25	3592 Model E06 encrypted	x26	3592 Model E07	x27	3592 Model E07 encrypted		All other values are reserved.			
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	All other values are reserved.																								
45-47	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.																							

## Hnode Grid Point-In-Time (PIT) Record

This Hnode Point-In-Time record has the following nested structure:

- Header
- Grid Container
  - Grid-Cluster 0 Container
  - Grid-Cluster 1 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 2 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 3 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 4 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 5 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 6 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 7 Container (If installed)

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
0-1	Length	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the length of this record. The length includes these 2 bytes.	
2	Version	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the version of the data presented in this record. The current version is set to x02.	
3	Data Type	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of data contained in this record.  For this record the value is set to x11 indicating this is an Hnode Grid Point-In-Time record.	
4	Node ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Hnode ID which this interval's data represents. Valid values are x00 – x01.	
5	Cluster ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which this Hnode is a part of. Valid values are x00 – x07.	
6-7	Interval Duration	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the interval in seconds that this interval's data was taken over.	
8-11	Time Stamp	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the end time of the interval this data was taken over. This value is the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970)	
12-15	Machine Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine type. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3957".	
16-18	Machine Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine model. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "V06".	
19-26	Machine Serial Number	This 8 character EBCDIC field contains the serial number of this node. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. The format is XX-YYYYY where XX is the plant of manufacture and the YYYYY is the sequence number of the node's machine. The dash character (-) is fixed.	
27-34	VE Code Level	This 8 byte hexadecimal field contains the code level of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine (VE). The 8 bytes are actually four 2-byte fields. Each 2-byte field represents a portion of the code level. The VE code level is expressed as Version.Release.Modification.Fix in a decimal form. For example the code level of 8.0.0.104 would be represented in the 8 bytes as: x0008000000000068.	
35-39	Grid Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Library Sequence Number of the Grid (Composite) library.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated										
40-44	Distributed Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Distributed Library Sequence Number for this Distributed Library ID											
45-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00											
<p><b>Grid Container</b></p> <p><b>Bytes 64 and up</b></p> <p><b>This container provides information concerning the Grid aspects of this Cluster. The length of the message depends on the number of Clusters in the Grid. There are 32 fixed bytes plus 32 bytes for each Cluster in the Grid.</b></p>													
64-67	Immediate Copy Queue	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of logical volumes in the immediate copy queue targeted for this Cluster at the end of the interval.	Count is updated every 5 minutes.										
68-71	Deferred Copy Queue	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of logical volumes in the deferred copy queue targeted for this Cluster at the end of the interval.	Count is updated every 5 minutes.										
72-75	Active Copies	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of active copies that are targeting this Cluster at the end of the interval.	Count is updated every 5 minutes.										
76-78	Reserved	Reserved for future use.											
79	Number of Clusters	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of Clusters in the Grid. This field can be used to determine how many Grid-Cluster containers will be attached to this record. There is a maximum of 8 Clusters. This is the value at the end of the interval.											
80-95	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.											
<p><b>Grid-Cluster Container</b></p> <p><b>Bytes 96 and up (Number of Clusters x 129 bytes/set) For example, if there are 3 Clusters in the Grid there will be 3 sets of data. There is a maximum of 8 Clusters in a Grid.</b></p> <p><b>This next segment of the record contains one set of data for each Cluster in the Grid as defined in byte 79 above. Each set of data contains 129 bytes. The data for the first Cluster (Cluster 0) can be found in bytes 96-223; the second Cluster's (Cluster 1) data can be found in bytes 224-351, and so forth.</b></p>													
0	Cluster Link State	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the state of the link between this Cluster and the others in the Grid at the end of the interval.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>All links are fully operational. There are no detected error conditions between the Clusters in the Grid. For a Grid with only a single Cluster, this is the value always reported in this field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>Degraded. One or more of the logical communication paths between the Clusters is not operational.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x02</td> <td>Failed. All of the logical communication paths between this Cluster and the other Clusters in the Grid are not working.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This field represents the overall link state as determined by the Cluster. The actual connection may be comprised of several physical connections and underlying infrastructure which is transparent to the system.</p>	Value	Description	x00	All links are fully operational. There are no detected error conditions between the Clusters in the Grid. For a Grid with only a single Cluster, this is the value always reported in this field.	x01	Degraded. One or more of the logical communication paths between the Clusters is not operational.	x02	Failed. All of the logical communication paths between this Cluster and the other Clusters in the Grid are not working.		All other values are reserved.	Updated whenever the link state changes.
Value	Description												
x00	All links are fully operational. There are no detected error conditions between the Clusters in the Grid. For a Grid with only a single Cluster, this is the value always reported in this field.												
x01	Degraded. One or more of the logical communication paths between the Clusters is not operational.												
x02	Failed. All of the logical communication paths between this Cluster and the other Clusters in the Grid are not working.												
	All other values are reserved.												

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
1-4	Data Transferred into a Cluster's Cache from other Clusters	<p>This 4 byte field contains the number of bytes transferred to this Cluster's cache from other Clusters as part of a remote file access during this interval.</p> <p>The value is reported in increments of 100K bytes (100 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented every time a block of data is written to this Cluster.
5-32	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
33-36	Data Transferred From a Cluster's Cache To Other Clusters	<p>This 4 byte field contains the number of bytes transferred from this Cluster's cache from other Clusters as part of a copy and remote file access during this interval.</p> <p>The value is reported in increments of 100K bytes (100 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented every time a block of data is read from this cluster
37-127	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	

## Hnode HSM Historical Record

This Hnode historical record has the following nested structure:

- Header
- HSM Container
  - HSM-Disaster Recovery Container
  - HSM-Cache Container
    - HSM-Cache-Partition 0 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 0 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 1 Container
    - HSM-Cache-Partition 1 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 0 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 1 Container
    - HSM-Cache-Partition 2 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 0 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 1 Container
    - HSM-Cache-Partition 3 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 0 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 1 Container
    - HSM-Cache-Partition 4 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 0 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 1 Container
    - HSM-Cache-Partition 5 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 0 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 1 Container
    - HSM-Cache-Partition 6 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 0 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 1 Container
    - HSM-Cache-Partition 7 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 0 Container
      - HSM-Cache-Partition-Preference Group 1 Container

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
0-1	Length	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the length of this record. The length includes these 2 bytes.	
2	Version	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the version of the data presented in this record. The current version is set to x03.	
3	Data Type	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of data contained in this record.  For this record the value is set to x30 indicating this is an Hnode HSM Historical record.	
4	Node ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Hnode ID which this interval's data represents. Valid values are x00 – x01.	
5	Cluster ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which this Hnode is a part of. Valid values are x00 – x07.	
6-7	Interval Duration	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the interval in seconds that this interval's data was taken over.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
8-11	Time Stamp	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the end time of the interval this data was taken over. This value is the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970)	
12-15	Machine Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine type. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3957".	
16-18	Machine Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine model. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "V06".	
19-26	Machine Serial Number	This 8 character EBCDIC field contains the serial number of this node. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. The format is XX-YYYYY where XX is the plant of manufacture and the YYYYY is the sequence number of the node's machine. The dash character (-) is fixed.	
27-34	VE Code Level	This 8 byte hexadecimal field contains the code level of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine (VE). The 8 bytes are actually four 2-byte fields. Each 2-byte field represents a portion of the code level. The VE code level is expressed as Version.Release.Modification.Fix in a decimal form. For example the code level of 8.0.0.104 would be represented in the 8 bytes as: x0008000000000068.	
35-39	Grid Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Library Sequence Number of the Grid (Composite) library.	
40-44	Distributed Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Distributed Library Sequence Number for this Distributed Library ID	
45-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00	
<b>HSM Container</b>  <b>Bytes 64-1183</b>  <b>This record contains information pertinent to the Hydra Storage Manager.</b>			
<b>HSM – Disaster Recovery Container</b>  <b>Bytes 64 – 95</b>  <b>This set of 32 bytes contains information concerning HSM Disaster Recovery (DR).</b>			
64-73	Disaster Recovery Volser	This 10 byte EBCDIC field contains the volser of the physical volume that contains the latest subsystem backup information. This field is set to all EBCDIC blanks if a disaster recovery volume does not exist. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. This is the value at the end of the interval.  For the model VEA without backend tape, this field will be EBCDIC blanks	Volser is updated whenever it changes.
74-95	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
<b>HSM – Cache Container</b>  <b>Bytes 96 – 1183</b>  <b>This set of bytes contains information concerning the Tape Volume Cache (TVC) and this Hnode.</b>			

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated								
96	Active Hnode	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates if this Hnode was the active node in charge of Tape Volume Cache (TVC) management at the end of the interval being reported.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>This is not the active Hnode</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>This is the active Hnode</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Value	Description	x00	This is not the active Hnode	x01	This is the active Hnode		All other values are reserved	This value is set to x00 for the first release.
Value	Description										
x00	This is not the active Hnode										
x01	This is the active Hnode										
	All other values are reserved										
97-100	TVC Size	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the current size of the Cluster's TVC in increments of 1GB (1024 x 1024 x 1000). A TVC that is 1.7 TB in size will be reported as x000006A4 (1700 decimal).</p> <p>This field is filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn't in charge of the TVC management reports x00000000 in this field. Refer to the Active Hnode field.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>									
101	Percent Host Write Throttle	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the percentage of 30-second periods where there was at least one throttling value greater than zero.</p> <p>This field is filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn't in charge of the TVC management reports x00 in this field. Refer to the Active Hnode field.</p> <p>This value is recomputed at the end of the interval based on the data from the interval.</p>	The current throttle value is sampled every 30 seconds. The percentage is computed over the interval.								
102-105	Average Host Write Throttle	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average host write throttle value during the interval. The value presented is the average of the non-zero throttling values.</p> <p>This field is filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn't in charge of the TVC management reports x00000000 in this field. Refer to the Active Hnode field.</p> <p>This value is recomputed at the end of the interval based on the data from the interval.</p>	The current throttle value is sampled every 30 seconds. The average is computed over the interval.								
106	Percent Copy Throttle	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the percentage of 30-second periods where there was at least one throttling value greater than zero and that copy was the predominant reason for throttling.</p> <p>This field is filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn't in charge of the TVC management reports x00 in this field. Refer to the Active Hnode field.</p> <p>This value is recomputed at the end of the interval based on the data from the interval.</p>	The current throttle value is sampled every 30 seconds. The percentage is computed over the interval.								

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
107-110	Average Copy Throttle	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average copy throttle value during the interval. The value presented is the average of the non-zero throttling values where copy was the predominant reason for throttling. The value is reported in thousandths of a second.</p> <p>This field is filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn't in charge of the TVC management reports x00000000 in this field. Refer to the Active Hnode field.</p> <p>This value is recomputed at the end of the interval based on the data from the interval.</p>	<p>The current throttle value is sampled every 30 seconds. The average is computed over the interval.</p>
111-114	Average Overall Throttle	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average of all throttling values during the interval. The calculation includes samples for periods where throttling was both zero and non-zero. The value is reported in thousandths of a second.</p> <p>This field is filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn't in charge of the TVC management reports x00000000 in this field. Refer to the Active Hnode field.</p> <p>This value is recomputed at the end of the interval based on the data from the interval.</p>	<p>The current throttle values are sampled every 30 seconds. The average is computed over the interval.</p>
115	Percent Deferred Copy Throttle	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the percentage of 30-second periods where deferred copy throttle from this Hnode was active (non-zero).</p> <p>This field is filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn't in charge of the TVC management reports x00 in this field. Refer to the Active Hnode field.</p> <p>This value is recomputed at the end of the interval based on the data from the interval.</p>	
116-119	Average Deferred Copy Throttle	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average deferred copy throttle value during the interval. The value presented is the average of 30-second intervals of the deferred copy throttle value over the historical record interval. The value is reported in thousandths of a second.</p> <p>This value is recomputed at the end of the interval based on the data from the interval.</p>	
120-123	Base Deferred Copy Throttle	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the base deferred copy throttle value which would be used if deferred copy throttle were to be applied. The value is reported in thousandths of a second.</p>	
124-127	Pre-migration Throttle Threshold	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the current threshold of the pre-migration throttle in increments of 1GB (1024 x 1024 x 1000). A threshold that is 1.7 TB in size will be reported as x000006A4 (1700 decimal).</p> <p>This field represents amount of un-migrated data in cache, at which the system will begin throttling the host I/O in order to keep the value below this level.</p> <p>This field is filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn't in charge of the TVC management reports x00000000 in this field. Refer to the Active Hnode field.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
128	Average CPU Usage percentage	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the CPU usage percentage at the end of the interval. This value can be used to indicate how	This field is updated every 30 seconds
129-159	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
<p><b>HSM – Cache – Partition Container</b></p> <p><b>Bytes 160 – 1183</b></p> <p>This next set of bytes contains information for up to 8 cache partitions for the Cluster. Each set of data contains 128 bytes. The following fields define the 128 bytes and are numbered starting with byte 0. The first cache partition’s data can be found in relative bytes 0-127 and the second cache partition’s data can be found in relative bytes 128-255, and so forth.</p> <p>These fields are filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn’t in charge of the TVC management reports x00 in these fields.</p> <p><b>Note: At this time, the TS7700 only supports a single cache partition.</b></p>			
0-3	Partition Size	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the amount of cache assigned to this partition. The value is reported in increments of 1 GB (1024 x 1024 x 1000).</p> <p>This field is filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn’t in charge of the TVC management reports x00000000 in this field. Refer to the Active Hnode field.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	The size is updated when it changes.
4-5	Fast Ready Mounts	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of mount requests completed using the Fast Ready method during this interval. A mount is accredited to the interval when the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	The count is incremented when the mount-complete message is received.
6-9	Average Fast Ready Mount Time	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average time, in milliseconds, taken to complete Fast-Ready mounts during the interval. Mount time is accrued from the time the mount request is accepted by the system (PLF received, DE returned) until the x20 message is received from the Library Manager. The mount time is averaged into the interval’s time when the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	The time is incremented for each mount and averaged at the end of the interval.
10-11	Cache Hit Mounts	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of mount requests completed that the data was resident in the Tape Volume Cache (TVC) during this interval. A mount is accredited to the interval when the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	The count is incremented when the mount-complete message is received.

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
12-15	Average Cache Hit Mount Time	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average time, in milliseconds, taken to complete Cache Hit mounts during the interval. Mount time is accrued from the time the mount request is accepted by the system (PLF received, DE returned) until the x20 message is received from the Library Manager. The mount time is averaged into the interval's time when the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	The time is incremented for each mount and averaged at the end of the interval.
16-17	Cache Miss Mounts	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of mount requests completed that required recall from a stacked volume during this interval. A mount is accredited to the interval when the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	The count is incremented when the mount-complete message is received.
18-21	Average Cache Miss Mount Time	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average time, in milliseconds, taken to complete Cache Miss mounts during the interval. Mount time is accrued from the time the mount request is accepted by the system (PLF received, DE returned) until the x20 message is received from the Library Manager. The mount time is averaged into the interval's time when the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	The time is incremented for each mount and averaged at the end of the interval.
22-31	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
<p><b>HSM – Cache – Partition – Preference Group Container</b></p> <p><b>Relative bytes 32 – 127 (2 x 48 bytes = 96 bytes)</b>  <b>These bytes are relative to the HSM – Cache - Partition Container.</b></p> <p><b>This next set of bytes contains information for 2 preference groups for the cache partition. Each set of data contains 48 bytes. The following fields define the 48 bytes and are numbered starting with byte 0. The first preference group's (PG0) data can be found in bytes 0-47 and the second preference group's (PG1) data can be found in relative bytes 48-95.</b></p> <p><b>Since these fields are part of the HSM-Cache-Partition container, these fields are filled in by the Hnode that is currently in charge of TVC management. The Hnode that isn't in charge of the TVC management reports x00 in these fields.</b></p>			
0-3	Virtual Volumes in Cache	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of virtual volumes in the Tape Volume Cache (TVC) partition that are assigned to the preference group this data is for. This is the value at the end of the interval.	The count is updated every 10 minutes.
4-7	Data Resident in Cache	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the amount of data in the TVC partition whose volumes are assigned to the preference this data is for. The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value. This is the value at the end of the interval.	The count is updated every 10 minutes.

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
8-11	4 Hour Average Cache Age	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the average age, in minutes, of the oldest logical volume in cache, excluding outliers, from the previous 4 hourly samples. Each hourly sample discards “outliers” that are small numbers of logical volumes that are not representative of the cache as a whole. This value is for volumes that were assigned to the preference group this data is for. Each sample is rounded up to the nearest minute. This value is calculated once an hour, on the hour. The data for this field is calculated at the end of the interval.</p> <p>For the model VEA or VEB, or for a partition which is defined not to migrate out to tape, this time represents the average cache age based on when the volumes are expired, rather than migrated.</p>	The age is updated once an hour, on the hour.
12-15	Volumes Migrated Last 4 Hours	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of virtual volumes migrated from the cache partition over the past 4 hours that are assigned to the preference group this data is for. This data is calculated once an hour, on the hour. The data for this field is calculated at the end of the interval.	The count is updated once an hour, on the hour.
16-19	48 Hour Average Cache Age	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the average age, in minutes, of the oldest logical volume in cache, excluding outliers, from the previous 48 hourly samples. Each hourly sample discards “outliers” that are small numbers of logical volumes that are not representative of the cache as a whole. This value is for volumes that were assigned to the preference group this data is for. Each sample is rounded up to the nearest minute. This value is calculated once an hour, on the hour. The data for this field is calculated at the end of the interval.</p> <p>For the model VEA or VEB, or for a partition which is defined not to migrate out to tape, this time represents the average cache age based on when the volumes are expired, rather than migrated.</p>	The age is updated once an hour, on the hour.
20-23	Volumes Migrated Last 48 Hours	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of virtual volumes migrated from the cache partition over the past 48 hours that are assigned to the preference group this data is for. This data is calculated once an hour, on the hour. The data for this field is calculated at the end of the interval.	The count is updated once an hour, on the hour.
24-27	35 Day Average Cache Age	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the average age, in minutes, of the oldest logical volume in cache, excluding outliers, from the previous 35 days worth of hourly samples. Each hourly sample discards “outliers” that are small numbers of logical volumes that are not representative of the cache as a whole. This value is for volumes that were assigned to the preference group this data is for. Each sample is rounded up to the nearest minute. This value is calculated once an hour, on the hour. The data for this field is calculated at the end of the interval.</p> <p>For the model VEA or VEB, or for a partition which is defined not to migrate out to tape, this time represents the average cache age based on when the volumes are expired, rather than migrated.</p>	The age is updated once an hour, on the hour.
28-31	Volumes Migrated Last 35 Days	This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of virtual volumes migrated from the cache partition over the past 35 days that are assigned to the preference group this data is for. This data is calculated once an hour, on the hour. The data for this field is calculated at the end of the interval.	The count is updated once an hour, on the hour.

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
32-35	Unmigrated Data	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the amount of data in the TVC partition whose volumes are assigned to this preference group, and are not yet migrated to physical tape (cache only). The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value. This is the value at the end of the interval.</p> <p>For the model VEA or VEB, or for a partition which is defined not to migrate out to tape, all active data should be in the unmigrated state.</p>	
36-39	Awaiting Replication to available Clusters	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the amount of data in the TVC partition whose volumes are assigned to this preference group, and are awaiting replication to other available clusters. Data to be replicated to clusters which are either not available (service or offline) or are blocked from receiving copies (Host Console Request) are not counted. This field depicts data that resides in cache. Data to be replicated that exists on tape only is not included.</p> <p>The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024 x 1024). Any residual data will cause the value to be rounded up to the next higher value. This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	
40-47	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	

## Hnode Library Historical Record

This Hnode historical record has the following nested structure:

- Header
- Library Container
  - Library Device Type 0 Usage Container
  - Library Device Type 1 Usage Container
  - Library Device Type 2 Usage Container
  - Library Device Type 3 Usage Container
  - Library-Pooling Container
    - Library-Pooling-CSP Media Type 0 Container
    - Library-Pooling-CSP Media Type 1 Container
    - Library-Pooling-CSP Media Type 2 Container
    - Library-Pooling-CSP Media Type 3 Container
    - Library-Pooling-CSP Media Type 4 Container
    - Library-Pooling-CSP Media Type 5 Container
    - Library-Pooling-CSP Media Type 6 Container
    - Library-Pooling-CSP Media Type 7 Container
    - Library-Pooling-GUP 1 Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Media Type 0 Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Media Type 1 Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Media Type 2 Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Media Type 3 Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Media Type 4 Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Media Type 5 Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Media Type 6 Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Media Type 7 Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Reclaim Container
      - Library-Pooling-GUP-Properties Container
    - Library-Pooling-GUP 2 Container
      - Same sub-containers as GUP 1
    - .
    - .
    - .
    - Library-Pooling-GUP 32 Container
      - Same sub-containers as GUP 1

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated
0-1	Length	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the length of this record. The length includes these 2 bytes.	
2	Version	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the version of the data presented in this record. The current version is set to x04.	
3	Data Type	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of data contained in this record.  For this record the value is set to x32 indicating this is an Hnode Library Historical record.	
4	Node ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Hnode ID which this interval's data represents. Valid values are x00 – x01.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated
5	Cluster ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which this Hnode is a part of. Valid values are x00 – x07.	
6-7	Interval Duration	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the interval in seconds that this interval's data was taken over.	
8-11	Time Stamp	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the end time of the interval this data was taken over. This value is the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970)	
12-15	Machine Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine type. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3957".	
16-18	Machine Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine model. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "V06".	
19-26	Machine Serial Number	This 8 character EBCDIC field contains the serial number of this node. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. The format is XX-YYYYY where XX is the plant of manufacture and the YYYYY is the sequence number of the node's machine. The dash character (-) is fixed.	
27-34	VE Code Level	This 8 byte hexadecimal field contains the code level of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine (VE). The 8 bytes are actually four 2-byte fields. Each 2-byte field represents a portion of the code level. The VE code level is expressed as Version.Release.Modification.Fix in a decimal form. For example the code level of 8.0.0.104 would be represented in the 8 bytes as: x0008000000000068.	
35-39	Grid Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Library Sequence Number of the Grid (Composite) library.	
40-44	Distributed Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Distributed Library Sequence Number for this Distributed Library ID	
45-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00	
<h2>Library Container</h2> <p><b>Bytes 64-127 (64 bytes)</b></p> <p><b>This set of bytes contains information pertinent to the Library operations associated with this Hnode.</b></p>			
64-69	Library Machine Type	This 6 character EBCDIC field contains the machine type of the underlying automation. The field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3494 " or "3584 ". This is the value at the end of the interval.	
70-72	Library Model Number	This 3 character EBCDIC field contains the model number of the underlying automation. The field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "L10" when attached to a 3494 or "L22" when attached to a 3584. This is the value at the end of the interval.	
73-75	Library Manufacturer	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains an abbreviation of the manufacturer of the underlying automation. The field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this will be set to "IBM". This is the value at the end of the interval.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated																
76-77	Library Plant of Manufacture	This 2 byte EBCDIC field contains the library plant of manufacture of the underlying automation. The field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. This is the value at the end of the interval.																	
78-93	Library Sequence Number	This 16 byte EBCDIC field contains the sequence number of the underlying automation. The field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. This is the value at the end of the interval.																	
94-127	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.																	
<p><b>Library – Tape Device Usage (TDU) Container</b></p> <p>Bytes 128-255 (4 sets of data x 32 bytes/set = 128 bytes)</p> <p>This container contains 4 sets of data. The 4 sets of data allow up to 4 device types/models to be attached to the Hnode. Each set of data contains 32 bytes. The following fields define these bytes and are numbered starting with 0. Data for the first device type is found in bytes 128-159, the data for the second device type is found in bytes 160-191, and so forth.</p> <p>Each Hnode reports this data from its perspective.</p>																			
0	Device Class ID	<p>This one byte hexadecimal field contains this device’s device class identifier.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No device installed</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x20</td> <td>3592 Model J1A. This also includes a 3592-E05 that is emulating a 3592-J1A device.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x22</td> <td>3592 Model E05. This is for a 3592-E05 that is behaving as a 3590-E05.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x23</td> <td>3592 Model E05 (encryption configured)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x24</td> <td>3592 Model E06</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x25</td> <td>3592 Model E07</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	No device installed	x20	3592 Model J1A. This also includes a 3592-E05 that is emulating a 3592-J1A device.	x22	3592 Model E05. This is for a 3592-E05 that is behaving as a 3590-E05.	x23	3592 Model E05 (encryption configured)	x24	3592 Model E06	x25	3592 Model E07		All other values are reserved.	
Value	Description																		
x00	No device installed																		
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x23	3592 Model E05 (encryption configured)																		
x24	3592 Model E06																		
x25	3592 Model E07																		
	All other values are reserved.																		
1	Installed Physical Devices	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of physical devices, of the device class indicated, that are installed at the end of the interval.																	
2	Available Physical Devices	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of physical devices, of the device class indicated, that are available for use at the end of the interval.	Count is updated when the number of available physical devices changes.																
3	Maximum Physical Devices Mounted	<p>This 1 byte field contains the maximum number of physical devices, of the device class indicated, that were concurrently mounted during the interval.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is updated whenever the number of mounted physical devices changes.																
4	Minimum Physical Devices Mounted	<p>This 1 byte field contains the minimum number of physical devices, of the device class indicated, that were concurrently mounted during the interval.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is updated whenever the number of mounted physical devices changes.																

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated
5	Average Physical Devices Mounted	This 1 byte field contains the average number of physical devices, of the device class indicated, that were concurrently mounted during the interval. The average is calculated by recording the number of mounted devices on a periodic basis then averaging it over the interval.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	The count of mounted physical devices is sampled every 15 seconds. The average is computed over the interval.
6-7	Maximum Physical Mount Time	This 2 byte field contains the maximum time, in seconds, that it took to complete the execution of a mount request for a physical device, of the device class indicated, over the interval. Mount time is accrued from the time the mount request is sent to the Library Manager (LM) until the mount complete is received from the LM. The mount time is accredited to the interval it was completed.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	The time for each mount is examined when the mount completes.
8-9	Minimum Physical Mount Time	This 2 byte field contains the minimum time, in seconds, that it took to complete the execution of a mount request for a physical device, of the device class indicated, over the interval. Mount time is accrued from the time the mount request is sent to the Library Manager (LM) until the mount complete is received from the LM. The mount time is accredited to the interval it was completed.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	The time for each mount is examined when the mount completes.
10-11	Average Physical Mount Time	This 2 byte field contains the average time, in seconds, that it took to complete the execution of a mount request for a physical device, of the device class indicated, over the interval. Mount time is accrued from the time the mount request is sent to the Library Manager (LM) until the mount complete is received from the LM. The mount time is accredited to the interval it was completed.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	The time for each mount is examined when the mount completes.
12-13	Physical Recall Mounts	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of physical mount requests completed by the library during the interval to satisfy recall mounts for the device class indicated. A mount is accredited to the interval the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented each time a recall mount is completed.
14-15	Physical Pre-Migrate Mounts	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of physical mount requests completed by the library during the interval to satisfy pre-migrate mounts for the device class indicated. A mount is accredited to the interval the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented each time a pre-migrate mount is completed.
16-17	Physical Reclaim Mounts	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of physical mount requests completed by the library during the interval to satisfy reclaim mounts for the device class indicated. A mount is accredited to the interval the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented each time a reclaim mount is completed.

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated																												
18-19	Physical Security Data Erase Mounts	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of physical mount requests completed by the library during the interval to satisfy Security Data Erase mounts for the device class indicated. A mount is accredited to the interval the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented each time a Security Data Erase mount is completed.																												
20-31	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.																													
<p><b>Library - Pooling Container</b></p> <p>Bytes 256-8511</p> <p>The data from each Hnode will be the same within a Cluster.</p>																															
<p><b>Library - Pooling – Common Scratch Pool (CSP) Media Container</b></p> <p>Bytes 256-319 (8 sets of data x 8 bytes/set = 64 bytes)</p> <p>These fields contain 8 sets of data describing the physical types in the CSP. Each set of data contains 8 bytes. The data for the first media type can be found in bytes 256-263; the data for the second media type can be found in bytes 264-271, and so forth. All 8 sets will be populated starting with the first media type that has a non-zero Physical Media Identifier. Only media types with a non-zero Physical Media Identifier will occupy a set, then the remainder of the 8 sets will be have its Physical Media Identifier set to no media. If only 3 media types are used in the CSP, then the first 3 sets will be populated with no unused sets. The remaining 5 sets will have their Physical Media Types set to zero, indicating they are not used. The first Physical Media Type that is zero indicates that there are no more used Physical Media types in the subsequent sets</p>																															
0	Physical Media Type	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the identifier for the media type associated with following common scratch pool volume counts. The value is recorded at the end of the interval. The following are values for this field:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No media type for this set of data</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x10</td> <td>3590 J media (reserved)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x11</td> <td>3590 K media (reserved)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x20</td> <td>3592 JA media</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x21</td> <td>3592 JW media (reserved for future use)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x22</td> <td>3592 JJ media</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x23</td> <td>3592 JR media (reserved for future use)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x24</td> <td>3592 JB Media</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x25</td> <td>3592 JX Media (Reserved for future use)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x26</td> <td>3592 JC Media</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x27</td> <td>3592 JY Media (Reserved for future use)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x28</td> <td>3592 JK Media</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	No media type for this set of data	x10	3590 J media (reserved)	x11	3590 K media (reserved)	x20	3592 JA media	x21	3592 JW media (reserved for future use)	x22	3592 JJ media	x23	3592 JR media (reserved for future use)	x24	3592 JB Media	x25	3592 JX Media (Reserved for future use)	x26	3592 JC Media	x27	3592 JY Media (Reserved for future use)	x28	3592 JK Media		All other values are reserved.	Type is updated every 2 minutes.
Value	Description																														
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x27	3592 JY Media (Reserved for future use)																														
x28	3592 JK Media																														
	All other values are reserved.																														
1-2	Physical Media Count	This two byte hexadecimal field contains the number of scratch stacked volumes, of the type identified, assigned to the common scratch pool.  This is the value at the end of the interval.	Count is updated every 2 minutes.																												

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated
3	Media type container count	This one byte hexadecimal field contains the number of physical media types that have a non-zero Physical Media Count in the common scratch pool. If more than 8 physical media types are non-zero, only the first 8 will be returned.	
4-7	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
<p><b>Library - Pooling – General Use Pool (GUP) Container</b></p> <p>Bytes 320-8511 (32 sets of data x 256 bytes/set = 8192 bytes)</p> <p>These fields contain 32 sets of data describing each of the 32 General Use Pools. Each set of data contains 256 bytes. The following fields define these bytes and are numbered starting with 0. The data for GUP 1 can be found in bytes 320-575; the data for GUP 2 can be found in bytes 576-831, and so forth.</p>			
0-3	Active Logical Volumes	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of logical volume images resident in the volume pool at the end of the interval. The number is updated and the reported value is the snapshot of that count when statistics are calculated at the end of the interval.</p> <p>To be considered resident in a pool, the logical volume must be on one of the physical volumes assigned to the pool. Cache resident only volumes, although assigned to the pool, are not included.</p>	Count is updated every 60 minutes.
4-7	Active Data	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field contains the number of MBs of logical volume image data managed in the volume pool. The number is updated dynamically and the reported value is the snapshot of that count when statistics are calculated at the end of the interval.</p> <p>To be considered resident in a pool, the logical volume must be on one of the physical volumes assigned to the pool. Cache resident only volumes, although assigned to the pool, are not included.</p> <p>The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024x1024). Any volume with a count of less than 1 MB is rounded up to 1 MB.</p>	Count is updated every 60 minutes.
8-11	Data Written to Pool	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field represents the number bytes written to the media associated with this pool during the last interval. This is data pre-migrated from the Tape Volume Cache (TVC), and does not include data moved as part of reclamation.</p> <p>The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024x1024).</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented when a logical volume's data is written to a pool.
12-15	Data Read from Pool	<p>This 4 byte hexadecimal field represents the number bytes read from the media associated with this pool during the last interval. This is recall data written to the Tape Volume Cache (TVC), and does not include data moved as part of reclamation.</p> <p>The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024x1024).</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented when a logical volume's data is read from a pool.

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated																
16	Device Class	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the device class identifier for the pool.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No device</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x20</td> <td>3592 Model J1A. This also includes a 3592-E05 that is emulating a 3592-J1A device.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x22</td> <td>3592 Model E05. This is for a 3592-E05 that is behaving as a 3590-E05.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x23</td> <td>3592 Model E05 (encryption configured)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x24</td> <td>3592 Model E06</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x25</td> <td>3592 Model E07</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	No device	x20	3592 Model J1A. This also includes a 3592-E05 that is emulating a 3592-J1A device.	x22	3592 Model E05. This is for a 3592-E05 that is behaving as a 3590-E05.	x23	3592 Model E05 (encryption configured)	x24	3592 Model E06	x25	3592 Model E07		All other values are reserved.	
Value	Description																		
x00	No device																		
x20	3592 Model J1A. This also includes a 3592-E05 that is emulating a 3592-J1A device.																		
x22	3592 Model E05. This is for a 3592-E05 that is behaving as a 3590-E05.																		
x23	3592 Model E05 (encryption configured)																		
x24	3592 Model E06																		
x25	3592 Model E07																		
	All other values are reserved.																		
17-18	Average time since data began expiring on volumes.	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the average age, in days, of the residual data that resides on the stacked volumes assigned to the pool. Statically assigned and borrowed volumes are included in this calculation. A physical volume has residual data on it if it is not full. This value is calculated based on the date a volume transitions to not full and the current date.</p> <p>This data does not include stacked volumes that are in Read-Only-Recovery or are Unavailable.</p> <p>The data for this field is reported at the end of the interval.</p>	Average age is updated every 360 minutes.																
19-20	Maximum time since data began expiring on volumes.	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the maximum age, in days, of the residual data that resides on the stacked volumes assigned to the pool. Statically assigned and borrowed volumes are included in this calculation. A physical volume has residual data on it if it is not full. This value is calculated based on the date a volume transitions to not full and the current date.</p> <p>This data does not include stacked volumes that are in Read-Only-Recovery or are Unavailable.</p> <p>The data for this field is reported at the end of the interval.</p>	Maximum age is updated every 360 minutes.																
21-22	Average Age of Full Private Volumes	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the average age, in days, of private stacked volumes in the pool. Statically assigned and borrowed volumes are included in this calculation. This value is calculated based when the volume is marked as full until it is reclaimed.</p> <p>This data does not include stacked volumes that are in Read-Only-Recovery or are Unavailable.</p> <p>The data for this field is reported at the end of the interval.</p>	Average age is updated every 360 minutes.																
23-24	Maximum Age of Full Private Volumes	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the maximum age, in days, of private stacked volumes in the pool. Statically assigned and borrowed volumes are included in this calculation. This value is calculated based when the volume is marked as full until it is reclaimed.</p> <p>This data does not include stacked volumes that are in Read-Only-Recovery or are Unavailable.</p> <p>The data for this field is reported at the end of the interval.</p>	Maximum age is updated every 360 minutes.																

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated																												
25-31	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.																													
<p><b>Library - Pooling – GUP - Media Container</b></p> <p>Relative bytes 32-223 (8 sets of data x 24 bytes/set = 192 bytes)            These bytes are relative to the Library - Pooling – GUP Container.</p> <p>These fields contain 8 sets of data describing up to 8 physical media types in the pool. The first media type is referred to as Media Type 0; the second is referred to as Media Type 1 and so forth. Each set of data contains 24 bytes. The following fields define these bytes and are numbered starting with 0. The data for media type 0 can be found in relative bytes 32-55; the data for media type 1 can be found in relative bytes 56-79, and so forth. <b>All 8 sets will be populated starting with the first media type that has a non-zero Physical Media Identifier. Only media types with a non-zero Physical Media Identifier will occupy a set, then the remainder of the 8 sets will be have its Physical Media Identifier set to no media. If only 3 media types are used in this pool, then the first 3 sets will be populated, with no unused sets. The remaining 5 sets will have their Physical Media Types set to zero, indicating they are not used. The first Physical Media Identifier that is zero indicates that there are no more used Physical Media types in the subsequent sets</b></p>																															
0	Physical Media Identifiers	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the identifier for the media type associated with following general use pool (GUP) volume counts. The following are values for this field:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>No media type for this set of data</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x10</td> <td>3590 J media (reserved)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x11</td> <td>3590 K media (reserved)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x20</td> <td>3592 JA media</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x21</td> <td>3592 JW media (reserved for future use)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x22</td> <td>3592 JJ media</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x23</td> <td>3592 JR media (reserved for future use)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x24</td> <td>3592 JB media</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x25</td> <td>3592 JX media (reserved for future use)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x26</td> <td>3592 JC Media</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x27</td> <td>3592 JY Media (Reserved for future use)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x28</td> <td>3592 JK Media</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	No media type for this set of data	x10	3590 J media (reserved)	x11	3590 K media (reserved)	x20	3592 JA media	x21	3592 JW media (reserved for future use)	x22	3592 JJ media	x23	3592 JR media (reserved for future use)	x24	3592 JB media	x25	3592 JX media (reserved for future use)	x26	3592 JC Media	x27	3592 JY Media (Reserved for future use)	x28	3592 JK Media		All other values are reserved.	
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x28	3592 JK Media																														
	All other values are reserved.																														
1-2	Scratch Volume Count	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of scratch stacked volumes associated with this pool of the media type indicated. The count includes volumes statically assigned to the pool at the end of the interval. It does not include any volumes that are borrowed from the CSP or are waiting to be erased due to a Security Data Erase.</p> <p>This data does not include stacked volumes that are in Read-Only-Recovery or are Unavailable.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Count is updated every 60 minutes.																												

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated
3-4	Private Volume Count	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of private stacked volumes associated with this pool of the media type indicated. The count includes volumes statically assigned to the pool at the end of the interval. It does not include any volumes that are borrowed from the CSP or are waiting to be erased due to a Security Data Erase.</p> <p>This data does not include stacked volumes that are in Read-Only-Recovery or are Unavailable.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Count is updated every 60 minutes.
5-6	Waiting for Security Data Erase	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of stacked volumes associated with this pool of the media type indicated that are waiting for Security Data Erase. The count includes volumes statically assigned to the pool and any volumes borrowed from the CSP.</p> <p>This data does not include stacked volumes that are in Read-Only-Recovery or are Unavailable.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Count is updated every 60 minutes.
7-8	Borrowed Scratch Volume Count	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of stacked volumes associated with this pool of the media type indicated that are in scratch status that have been borrowed from the CSP.</p> <p>This data does not include stacked volumes that are in Read-Only-Recovery or are Unavailable.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Count is updated every 60 minutes.
9-10	Borrowed Private Volume Count	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of stacked volumes associated with this pool of the media type indicated that are in private status that have been borrowed from the CSP.</p> <p>This data does not include stacked volumes that are in Read-Only-Recovery or are Unavailable.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Count is updated every 60 minutes.
11-12	Read Only Recovery Volume Count	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of stacked volumes associated with this pool of the media type indicated that are in read only recovery status. The count includes stacked volumes that are both statically assigned to the pool and are borrowed stacked volumes.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Count is updated every 60 minutes.
13-14	Unavailable Volume Count	<p>This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of stacked volumes associated with this pool of the media type indicated that are in unavailable status. The count includes stacked volumes that are both statically assigned to the pool and are borrowed stacked volumes.</p> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Count is updated every 60 minutes.
15	Media type container count	<p>This one byte hexadecimal field contains the number of physical media types that have a non-zero Physical Media Count in this pool. If more than 8 physical media types are non-zero, only the first 8 will be returned.</p>	
16-23	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
<b>Pooling – GUP - Reclaim Container</b>			

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated
<b>Relative bytes 224-239 (1 set of data x 16 bytes/set = 16 bytes)</b> <b>These bytes are relative to the Library - Pooling – GUP Container.</b>  <b>These fields contain Reclaim information for this GUP.</b>			
224	Reclaim Threshold	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the reclaim threshold percentage for the pool as defined at the end of the interval.	Threshold is updated when its value changes.
225	Reclaim Pool	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the reclaim pool for the pool as defined at the end of the interval.	Pool is updated when its value changes.
226-227	Last Access Policy	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates, in days, when a physical volume is eligible for reclaim based on last access. A volume is eligible for reclaim when the number of days specified has elapsed since any data on the volume has been accessed because of a recall. If this field contains a value of 0, it is not used as criteria for reclaim. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Policy is updated when its value changes.
228-229	Last Written Policy	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates, in days, when a physical volume is eligible for reclaim based on when it was last written to. A volume is eligible for reclaim when the number of days specified has elapsed since any data has been written to the volume. If this field contains a value of 0, it is not used as criteria for reclaim. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Policy is updated when its value changes.
230-231	Last Data Invalidation Policy	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates, in days, when a physical volume is eligible for reclaim based on when data was last invalidated on it. A volume is eligible for reclaim when the number of days specified has elapsed since any data has invalidated on the volume. If this field contains a value of 0, it is not used as criteria for reclaim. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Policy is updated when its value changes.
232	Minimum Active Data Percentage Policy	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the minimum active data percentage a physical volume's active data must fall below before it can be reclaimed using the days since last data invalidation reclamation policy. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Policy is updated when its value changes.
233-234	Force Erasure Policy	This 2 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of days before a physical volume must complete the erase process. The time starts when the first data is invalidated on the volume. Supported values are 0 to 365. If this field contains a value of 0, it is not used as criteria for reclaim. When this field contains a non-zero value, the pool is operating in the secure data erasure mode. Any volume that is reclaimed in the pool is physically erased before being returned to scratch. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Policy is updated when its value changes.
235-239	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
<b>Pooling – GUP - Properties Container</b>  <b>Relative bytes 240-255 (1 set of data x 16 bytes/set = 16 bytes)</b> <b>These bytes are relative to the Library - Pooling – GUP Container.</b>  <b>These fields contain pool property information for this GUP.</b>			

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated										
240	Pool Type	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of the pool. The valid bit masks are as follows:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="448 310 1239 478"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x80</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x40</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x20</td> <td>Export Pool</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x80	Reserved	x40	Reserved	x20	Export Pool		All other values are reserved.	Pool type is updated when its value changes.
Value	Description												
x80	Reserved												
x40	Reserved												
x20	Export Pool												
	All other values are reserved.												
241	Return Borrowed Volumes	<p>This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates whether volumes borrowed from the CSP should be returned to the CSP after they are no longer needed by the pool. The valid values are:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="448 596 1239 726"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x00</td> <td>Don't return borrowed volumes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01</td> <td>Return borrowed volumes</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x00	Don't return borrowed volumes	x01	Return borrowed volumes		All other values are reserved.	Policy is updated when its value changes.		
Value	Description												
x00	Don't return borrowed volumes												
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	All other values are reserved.												

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated																										
242-245	First Media Types to Borrow	<p>This 4 byte bit-mapped field indicates the first media types to be borrowed from the CSP if additional scratch physical volumes are needed by the pool. When a bit is set to one (1) then the media type defined by the corresponding Library-Pooling-GUP-Media – Physical Media Identifier set can be used as one of the first media types to borrow from the CSP. When a bit is set to zero (0) the corresponding physical media type, if any, is not one of the first media types to borrow.</p> <p>For example, if the first Physical Media Identifier in the Library-Pooling-GUP-Media container had indicated J media (now reserved). The second Media Indicator indicates K media (also now reserved). The third indicates JA media, and the fourth indicates JW media, and so forth. A value of x20000000 in this field would indicate the media type identified in the third set of 24 bytes should be borrowed first. In this example JA media will be borrowed first.</p> <p>A value of x00 indicates borrowing is turned off for this pool.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="448 772 1239 1581"> <thead> <tr> <th>Value</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>x80000000</td> <td>The first media type defined by the Physical Media Identifier. In previous levels this indicated J media, this is now reserved.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x40000000</td> <td>The second media type defined by the Physical Media Identifier. In previous levels this indicated K media, this is now reserved.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x20000000</td> <td>The third media type (JA) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x10000000</td> <td>The fourth media type (JW) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x08000000</td> <td>The fifth media type (JJ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x04000000</td> <td>The sixth media type (JR) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x02000000</td> <td>The seventh media type (JB) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x01000000</td> <td>The eighth media type (JX) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x00800000</td> <td>The ninth media type (JC) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x00400000</td> <td>The tenth media type (JY) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>x00200000</td> <td>The eleventh media type (JK) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>All other values are reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x80000000	The first media type defined by the Physical Media Identifier. In previous levels this indicated J media, this is now reserved.	x40000000	The second media type defined by the Physical Media Identifier. In previous levels this indicated K media, this is now reserved.	x20000000	The third media type (JA) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.	x10000000	The fourth media type (JW) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.	x08000000	The fifth media type (JJ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.	x04000000	The sixth media type (JR) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.	x02000000	The seventh media type (JB) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.	x01000000	The eighth media type (JX) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.	x00800000	The ninth media type (JC) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.	x00400000	The tenth media type (JY) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.	x00200000	The eleventh media type (JK) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a first choice.		All other values are reserved	Media types is updated when its value changes.
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Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sample/Updated																										
246-249	Second Media Types to Borrow	<p>This 4 byte bit-mapped field indicates the second media types to be borrowed from the CSP if additional scratch physical volumes are needed by the pool. When a bit is set to one (1) then the media type defined by the corresponding Library-Pooling-GUP-Media – Physical Media Identifier set can be used as one of the second media types to borrow from the CSP. When a bit is set to zero (0) the corresponding physical media type, if any, is not one of the second media types to borrow.</p> <p>For example, if the first Physical Media Identifier in the Library-Pooling-GUP-Media container indicates J media (<b>now reserved</b>), the second indicates K media (<b>also now reserved</b>). The third indicates JA media, and the fourth indicates JW media. A value of x08000000 in this field would indicate the media type <b>JJ</b> will be borrowed second.</p> <p>A value of x00 indicates a second media type to borrow is not specified.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="448 709 1239 1522"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="448 709 597 741">Value</th> <th data-bbox="597 709 1239 741">Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 741 597 835">x80000000</td> <td data-bbox="597 741 1239 835">The <b>first</b> media type defined by the Physical Media Identifier. <b>In previous levels this indicated J media, this is now reserved.</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 835 597 930">x40000000</td> <td data-bbox="597 835 1239 930">The <b>second</b> media type defined by the Physical Media Identifier. <b>In previous levels this indicated K media, this is now reserved.</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 930 597 993">x20000000</td> <td data-bbox="597 930 1239 993">The <b>third</b> media type (<b>JA</b>) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 993 597 1056">x10000000</td> <td data-bbox="597 993 1239 1056">The <b>fourth</b> media type (<b>JW</b>) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 1056 597 1119">x08000000</td> <td data-bbox="597 1056 1239 1119">The <b>fifth</b> media type (<b>JJ</b>) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 1119 597 1182">x04000000</td> <td data-bbox="597 1119 1239 1182">The <b>sixth</b> media type (<b>JR</b>) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 1182 597 1245">x02000000</td> <td data-bbox="597 1182 1239 1245">The <b>seventh</b> media type (<b>JB</b>) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 1245 597 1308">x01000000</td> <td data-bbox="597 1245 1239 1308">The <b>eighth</b> media type (<b>JX</b>) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 1308 597 1371">x00800000</td> <td data-bbox="597 1308 1239 1371">The <b>ninth</b> media type (<b>JC</b>) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 1371 597 1434">x00400000</td> <td data-bbox="597 1371 1239 1434">The <b>tenth</b> media type (<b>JY</b>) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 1434 597 1497">x00200000</td> <td data-bbox="597 1434 1239 1497">The <b>eleventh</b> media type (<b>JK</b>) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="448 1497 597 1522"></td> <td data-bbox="597 1497 1239 1522"><b>All other values are reserved</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This is the value at the end of the interval.</p>	Value	Description	x80000000	The <b>first</b> media type defined by the Physical Media Identifier. <b>In previous levels this indicated J media, this is now reserved.</b>	x40000000	The <b>second</b> media type defined by the Physical Media Identifier. <b>In previous levels this indicated K media, this is now reserved.</b>	x20000000	The <b>third</b> media type ( <b>JA</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.	x10000000	The <b>fourth</b> media type ( <b>JW</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.	x08000000	The <b>fifth</b> media type ( <b>JJ</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.	x04000000	The <b>sixth</b> media type ( <b>JR</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.	x02000000	The <b>seventh</b> media type ( <b>JB</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.	x01000000	The <b>eighth</b> media type ( <b>JX</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.	x00800000	The <b>ninth</b> media type ( <b>JC</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.	x00400000	The <b>tenth</b> media type ( <b>JY</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.	x00200000	The <b>eleventh</b> media type ( <b>JK</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.		<b>All other values are reserved</b>	Media types is updated when its value changes..
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x20000000	The <b>third</b> media type ( <b>JA</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.																												
x10000000	The <b>fourth</b> media type ( <b>JW</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.																												
x08000000	The <b>fifth</b> media type ( <b>JJ</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.																												
x04000000	The <b>sixth</b> media type ( <b>JR</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.																												
x02000000	The <b>seventh</b> media type ( <b>JB</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.																												
x01000000	The <b>eighth</b> media type ( <b>JX</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.																												
x00800000	The <b>ninth</b> media type ( <b>JC</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.																												
x00400000	The <b>tenth</b> media type ( <b>JY</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.																												
x00200000	The <b>eleventh</b> media type ( <b>JK</b> ) defined by the Physical Media Identifier can be borrowed as a second choice.																												
	<b>All other values are reserved</b>																												
250-255	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.																											

## Hnode Grid Historical Record

This Hnode historical record has the following nested structure:

- Header
- Grid Container
  - Grid-Cluster 0 Container
  - Grid-Cluster 1 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 2 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 3 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 4 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 5 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 6 Container (If installed)
  - Grid-Cluster 7 Container (If installed)

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
0-1	Length	This 2 byte hexadecimal field contains the length of this record. The length includes these 2 bytes.	
2	Version	This 1 byte hexadecimal field contains the version of the data presented in this record. The current version is set to x02.	
3	Data Type	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the type of data contained in this record.  For this record the value is set to x33 indicating this is an Hnode Grid Historical record.	
4	Node ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Hnode ID which this interval's data represents. Valid values are x00 – x01.	
5	Cluster ID	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the Cluster ID which this Hnode is a part of. Valid values are x00 – x07.	
6-7	Interval Duration	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the interval in seconds that this interval's data was taken over.	
8-11	Time Stamp	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the end time of the interval this data was taken over. This value is the time in seconds since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970)	
12-15	Machine Type	This 4 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine type. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "3957".	
16-18	Machine Model	This 3 byte EBCDIC field contains this node's machine model. The field is left justified padded with EBCDIC blanks. Initially this field will be set to "V06".	
19-26	Machine Serial Number	This 8 character EBCDIC field contains the serial number of this node. This field is left justified and padded with EBCDIC blanks. The format is XX-YYYYY where XX is the plant of manufacture and the YYYYY is the sequence number of the node's machine. The dash character (-) is fixed.	
27-34	VE Code Level	This 8 byte hexadecimal field contains the code level of the TS7700 Virtualization Engine (VE). The 8 bytes are actually four 2-byte fields. Each 2-byte field represents a portion of the code level. The VE code level is expressed as Version.Release.Modification.Fix in a decimal form. For example the code level of 8.0.0.104 would be represented in the 8 bytes as: x0008000000000068.	
35-39	Grid Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCDIC field contains the Library Sequence Number of the Grid (Composite) library.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
40-44	Distributed Library Sequence Number	This 5 character EBCIDIC field contains the Distributed Library Sequence Number for this Distributed Library ID	
40-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00	
<p><b>Grid Container</b></p> <p><b>Bytes 64-95</b></p> <p><b>The data from each Hnode will be the same within a Cluster.</b></p>			
64-67	Logical Volumes for Copy	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of logical volumes that are scheduled to be copied to this Cluster. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Count is updated every 5 minutes.
68-71	Data to Copy	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the amount of data that is scheduled to be copied to this Cluster. This represents the amount of data contained in the logical volumes that are scheduled to be copied. The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024x1024). Any residual data is rounded up to 1 MB. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Count is updated every 5 minutes.
72-75	Average Deferred Queue Age	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average age, in seconds, of the logical volumes in the deferred copy queue destined to be copied to this Cluster. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Age is updated every 5 minutes.
76-79	Average Immediate Queue Age	This 4 byte hexadecimal field indicates the average age, in seconds, of the logical volumes in the immediate copy queue destined to be copied to this Cluster. This is the value at the end of the interval.	Age is updated every 5 minutes.
80	Number of Clusters	This 1 byte hexadecimal field indicates the number of Clusters in the Grid. This field can be used to determine how many Grid-Cluster containers will be attached to this record. There is a maximum of 8 Clusters. This is the value at the end of the interval.  <b>Note:</b> A maximum of four clusters is supported at this time.	
81-95	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
<p><b>Grid-Cluster Container</b></p> <p><b>Bytes 96 and up (Number of Clusters x 256 bytes/set) For example, if there are 3 Clusters in the Grid there will be 3 sets of data. There is a maximum of 8 Clusters.</b></p> <p><b>This next segment of the record contains one set of data for each Cluster in the Grid as defined in byte 80 above. Each set of data contains 256 bytes. The data for the first Cluster (Cluster 0) can be found in bytes 96-351; the second Cluster's (Cluster 1) data can be found in bytes 352-447, and so forth.</b></p>			
0-3	Data Transferred into a Cluster's Cache from other Clusters as part of a Copy Operation	A 4-byte field indicating the number of bytes transferred to this Cluster's cache from another Cluster as part of a copy operation during this interval.  The Cluster transferred from is determined by the relative position of the container segment within the record. A value of x00000000 is indicated for a Cluster's own value.  The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024x1024). Any residual data is rounded up to 1 MB.  This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.	Count is incremented every time a block of data is transferred to this cluster.
4-31	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	

Bytes	Name	Description	When Data is Sampled/Updated
32-35	Data Transferred From a Cluster's Cache To Other Clusters as part of a Copy Operation	<p>A 4-byte field indicating the number of bytes transferred from this Cluster's cache to another Cluster as part of a copy operation during this interval.</p> <p>The Cluster transferred to is determined by the relative position of the container segment within the record. A value of x00000000 is indicated for a Cluster's own value.</p> <p>The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024x1024). Any residual data is rounded up to 1 MB.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented every time a block of data is transferred.
36-63	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
64-67	Logical Mounts Directed to other Clusters	<p>A 4-byte field indicating the number of logical mounts from all Vnodes in this Cluster which were satisfied by accessing another Cluster.</p> <p>The Cluster receiving the mounts is determined by the relative position of the container segment within the record. A value of x00000000 is indicated for a Cluster's own value.</p> <p>A logical mount is counted when the x20 message is received from the Library Manager.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented when a logical mount is completed.
68-95	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
96-99	Data Transferred into a Cluster's Cache from other Clusters as part of a Remote Write Operation	<p>A 4-byte field indicating the number of bytes transferred to this Cluster's cache from another Cluster as part of a remote write operation during this interval.</p> <p>The source Cluster is determined by the relative position of the container segment within the record. A value of x00000000 is indicated for a Cluster's own value.</p> <p>The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024x1024). Any residual data is rounded up to 1 MB.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented every time a block of data is transferred.
100-127	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	
128-131	Data Transferred from a Cluster's Cache To Other Clusters as part of a Remote Read operation	<p>A 4-byte field indicating the number of bytes transferred from of this Cluster's cache to another Cluster as part of a Remote Read operation during this interval.</p> <p>The Cluster doing the remote read is determined by the relative position of the container segment within the record.. A value of x00000000 is indicated for a Cluster's own value.</p> <p>The value is reported in increments of 1 MB (1024x1024). Any residual data is rounded up to 1 MB.</p> <p>This value is reset to 0 at the beginning of the interval.</p>	Count is incremented every time a block of data is transferred.
132-255	Reserved	All bytes set to x00.	

October 2011

## References

IBM White Paper - TS7700 Bulk Volume Information Retrieval Function User's Guide

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October 2011

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